



CENTRO DE ASTROBIOLOGÍA

 **CSIC**
CONSEJO SUPERIOR DE INVESTIGACIONES CIENTÍFICAS

 **INTA** Instituto Nacional de
Técnica Aeroespacial

 **EXCELENCIA
MARÍA
DE MAEZTU**



Advanced VOSA

Enrique Solano

Centro de Astrobiología (INTA-CSIC).
Spanish Virtual Observatory, Madrid. Spain.



VOSA Input file

object	RA	DEC	dis	Av	filter	flux	error	pntopts	objopts
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

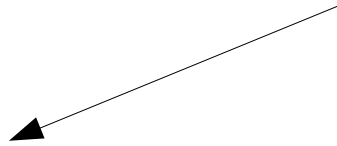
```
BD+292091 ---
HD000693 ---
HD001835 ---
```

#objname	RA	DEC	DIS	Av	Filter	Flux	Error	PntOpts	ObjOpts
#=====	===	=====	===	===	=====	=====	=====	=====	=====
BD+292091	---	---	---	---	2MASS/2MASS_J	7.14724167946E-14	5.14601400921E-16	---	---
BD+292091	---	---	---	---	2MASS/2MASS_H	3.69142119547E-14	2.3625095651E-16	---	---
Obj2	18.1	-13.2	80	1.2	DENIS/DENIS_I	1.082924e-14	2.194453e-16	---	---
Obj2	18.1	-13.2	80	1.2	2MASS/2MASS_J	2.483698e-17	2.287603e-19	---	---
HD000693	2.81	-15.467	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
HD001835	---	---	---	1.4	---	---	---	---	---
Obj3	19.5	23.2	80	1.2	Omega2000_Ks	2.121015e-16	1.953527e-19	---	---
Obj3	19.5	23.2	80	1.2	Spitzer/MIPS_M1	6.861148e-15	1.390352e-16	---	---
HD003567	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---



VOSA Input file


object	RA	DEC	dis	Av	filter	flux	error	pntopts	objopts
...
...



```
TYC_5273-16-1 --- --- 52|  
TYC_9023-815-1 --- ---  
TYC_9083-198-1 --- ---  
TYC_9241-249-1 --- ---  
TYC_50_1383_1 --- ---
```



```
TYC_5273-16-1 --- --- 52+-4  
TYC_9023-815-1 --- ---  
TYC_9083-198-1 --- ---  
TYC_9241-249-1 --- ---  
TYC_50_1383_1 --- ---
```

The role of extinction



This is VOSA 6.0

This project has received funding from the European Union's Seventh Framework Programme (FP7-SPACE-2013-1) for research, technological development and demonstration under grant agreement no. 606740

Files

Objects

Build SEDs

Analyse SEDs

HR Diag.

Results

Help

Stars and brown dwarfs (Change) File: RA:---, DEC:--- (info) (Change)

Chi-square Fit

Template fit

Model Bayes Analysis

Template Bayes Analysis

Model fit

Best fit results

Click in the object name to see the best fits for that object.

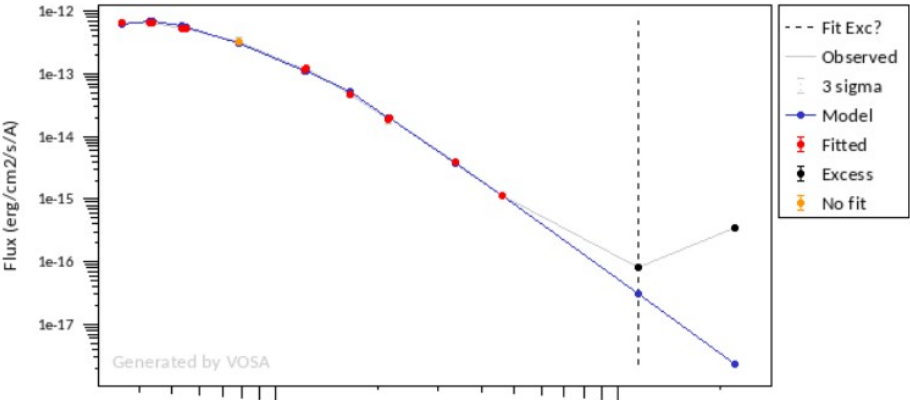
[Hide graphs](#) [Delete this fit](#) [Refine excess](#)
[Send table to SAMP Hub](#)

Click here to configure what fields to show

Object	RA	DEC	D (pc)	Model	A_v	T_{eff}	logg	Meta.	more	χ^2	M_d	F_{obs}/F_{tot}	L_{bol}/L_{sun}	$\Delta L_{bol}/L_{sun}$	N_{fit}/N_{tot}	Data VTables
HD302505	151.33559444	-58.73908202	10	Kurucz	---	6500	5	-2.5	---	6.672e+0	4.424e-20	0.46	1.390e-2	2.753e-4	13/16	Syn.Spec.

HD302505

Kurucz ODFNEW /NOVER models, T_{eff} :6500, logg:5, Meta.: -2.5



Flux (erg/cm²/s/Å)

Generated by VOSA

--- Fit Exc?

— Observed

--- 3 sigma

—●— Model

● Fitted

⬇ Excess

● No fit



The role of extinction

Object	RA	DEC	D (pc)	Model	A_V	ΔA_V	T_{eff}	ΔT_{eff}	logg	Δlogg	Meta.	$\Delta \text{Meta.}$
HD302505	151.33561042	-58.73908361	10	Kurucz	---	---	6250	125	4.00	0.25	-0.50	0.25

Basic data :

HD 302505 -- Star

Other object types: * (HD, ALS, ...), I

ICRS coord. ($ep=J2000$) : 151.3356104 -58.7390836

FK5 coord. ($ep=J2000$ $eq=2000$) : 10 05 20.547 -58 42 28.1

FK4 coord. ($ep=B1950$ $eq=1950$) : 10 03 39.75 -58 42 28.1

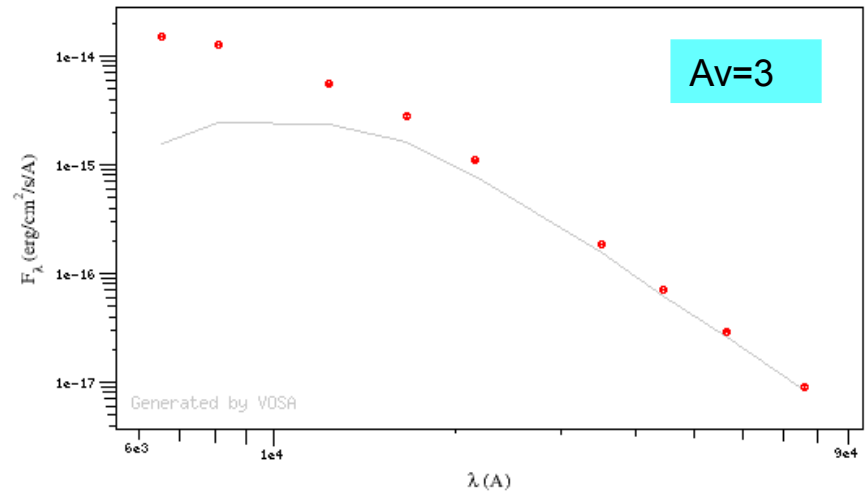
Gal coord. ($ep=J2000$) : 282.7896 -02.5224

Proper motions mas/yr : -6.6 3.6 [2.4 2.3]

Spectral type: **B2** [1995A&AS...11](#)

Fluxes (6) :

U	9.41	[~]	D	200
B	9.90	[~]	C	~
V	9.60	[~]	C	~
J	8.537	[0.020]		
H	8.438	[0.051]		
K	8.349	[0.021]		





The role of extinction

I: Av provided by the user

object	RA	DEC	dis	Av	filter	flux	error	pntopts	objopts
...
...

II: Av found in VO services

Files	Objects	Build SEDs	Analyse SEDs	HR Diag.	Results	Help
Stars and brown dwarfs (Change)			File: vosa_input.txt (info) (Change)			
Coordinates		Distances	Extinction			

Extinction properties

The main goal here is to set final values both for

- Av (that will be used to deredden the SED)
- the Av range (that, if set, will be used in the model fit as a free parameter).

In order to do this, among other options, this panel allows to query VO services in order to search for estimated extinction properties in the line of sight of the objects coordinates.

Take a look to the corresponding [Help Section](#) and [Credits Page](#) for more information. [See a brief inline help about how using the form.](#)

You can search for extinction properties in VO catalogues if you want.

[Search for Extinction properties](#)



The role of extinction

First select what VO services you want to search for extinction properties.

Mark All Unmark All

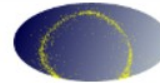
Search

UBV Photometry of O & B Stars in Vela (Denoyelle 1977)



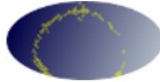
The Spatial Distribution of Young Stars in Vela
Info in catalogue: E(B-V)
More info
Search radius: arcsec

Optically visible open clusters and Candidates (Dias+ 2002-2010)



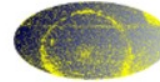
New catalog of optically visible open clusters and candidates (V3.0)
Info in catalogue: E(B-V)
More info
Search radius: arcsec

SAI Open Clusters Catalog (Glushkova+, 2009)



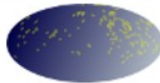
Automated search for star clusters in large multiband surveys. II. Discovery and investigation of open clusters in the Galactic plane
Info in catalogue: E(B-V)
More info
Search radius: arcsec

Guarinos, 1992



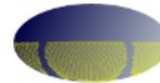
Interstellar matter in the Galactic Disk (Guarinos J., 1992)
Info in catalogue: A_V
More info
Search radius: arcsec

Stellar Spectrophotometric Atlas



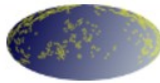
Stellar Spectrophotometric Atlas
Info in catalogue: A_V
More info
Search radius: arcsec

6dF galaxy survey final redshift release (Jones+, 2009)



6dF galaxy survey final redshift release (Jones+, 2009)
Info in catalogue: A_V
More info
Search radius: arcsec

Photometric Catalog of Northern Bright Galaxies (Kodaira+ 1992)



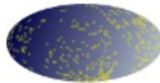
Photometric Catalog of Northern Bright Galaxies
Info in catalogue: A_V
More info
Search radius: arcsec

Reddening and extinction at high galactic latitude (Larson+, 2005)



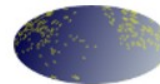
Reddening and the extinction law at high galactic latitude.
Info in catalogue: E(B-V)
More info
Search radius: arcsec

RR Lyrae Metallicities (Layden 1994)



RR Lyrae data II. The Metallicities and Kinematics of Local RR Lyrae
Info in catalogue: A_V
More info
Search radius: arcsec

STELIB: A library of stellar spectra at $R \sim 2000$ (Le Borgne+, 2003)



STELIB: A library of stellar spectra at $R \sim 2000$
Info in catalogue: A_V
More info
Search radius: arcsec



The role of extinction

(hide this form)

Add default user values

Here you can give "User" values for those objects where there is not a previous value defined. When you click the 'Add user values' button these values will be saved as user values (Final Av values will not be affected)

R_V:

E(B-V):

A_V:

A_V range: -

Only apply where there is not a previous user value

[Add user values](#)

Which values do you trust better?

Here you can set the "Final" value of Av for all the objects at the same time. Depending on the choices that you make, the changes will be done for all the objects in the file when you click the 'Save values' button.

Select values by ranking:

1: 2:

(Your first option will be chosen for every object if there is a value available. For those objects with no value in the first option, the second option will be chosen. And so on). (If you don't mark this, User values will be selected first, then VO values in the same order that they are found, till a value for Av can be built).

- Select only Av values in catalogues. Do not use R_V, E(B-V) to build a value for Av
- Select Av values first if available. Then, if not, R_V, E(B-V) values to build a value for Av
- Select any combination of values that permits that a value for Av can be built

[Save values](#)

Combine final value/range for Av

The main goal here is to set "Final" values both to Av and the Av range.
If, for some objects, you have set a value for one of the variables but not both, you can use this form to go further.

Set the final Av value based on the final Av range (when the range is already set)

Av = Av range

Set the final Av range based on the Av final value (when the value is set)

Av range min = * Av

Av range max = * Av

Apply even if there is a previous value

[Set final values](#)

Object			Final		User				VO Data						
Name	RA (deg)	DEC (deg)	Av	Av range	R _V	E(B-V)	Av	Av range	Δ (arcsec)	RA (deg)	DEC (deg)	R _V	E(B-V)	Av range	Source
HD302505	151.33561042	-58.73908361	2.32					0.0 - 8.0	0	151.335610416667	-58.7390836111111	3.214906	0.7225	2.32	Extinction map. Morales+, 2006 (?)
									0	151.33561042	-58.73908361	3.214906	0.7225		The R _V extinction factor, Morales+, 2006 (?)



The role of extinction

Files | Objects | Build SEDs | **Analyse SEDs** | HR Diag. | Results | Help

Stars and brown dwarfs (Change) | File: RA:---, DEC:--- (info) (Change)

Chi-square Fit | Template fit | Model Bayes Analysis | Template Bayes Analysis

Model fit

Best fit results

Click in the object name to see the best fits for that object.

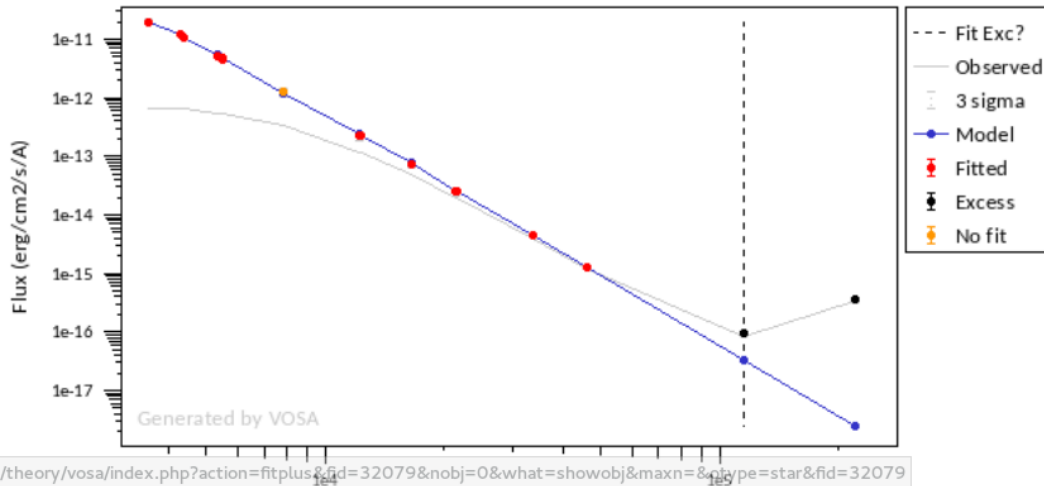
- [Hide graphs](#) |
 [Delete this fit](#) |
 [Refine excess](#)
[Send table to SAMP Hub](#)

[Click here to configure what fields to show](#)

Object	RA	DEC	D (pc)	Model	A_v	T_{eff}	logg	Meta.	more	χ^2	M_d	$F_{\text{obs}}/F_{\text{tot}}$	$L_{\text{bol}}/L_{\text{sun}}$	$\Delta L_{\text{bol}}/L_{\text{sun}}$	$N_{\text{fit}}/N_{\text{tot}}$	Data VTables
HD302505	151.33559444	-58.73908202	10	Kurucz	2.32	28000	3.5	-1.5	---	1.043e+0	1.223e-20	0.06	1.337e+0	2.753e-4	13/16	Syn.Spec.

HD302505

Kurucz ODFNEW /NOVER models, T_{eff} :28000, logg:3.5, Meta.: -1.5, A_v :2.32



csic.es/theory/vosa/index.php?action=fitplus&fid=32079&nobj=0&what=showobj&maxn=&objtype=star&fid=32079



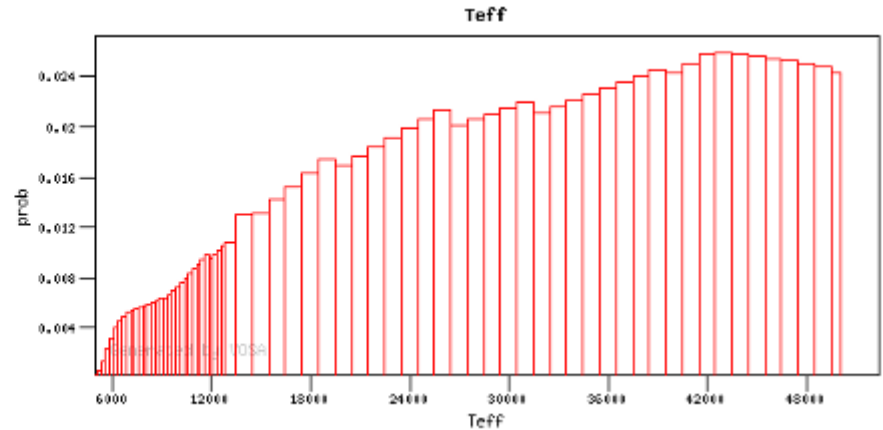
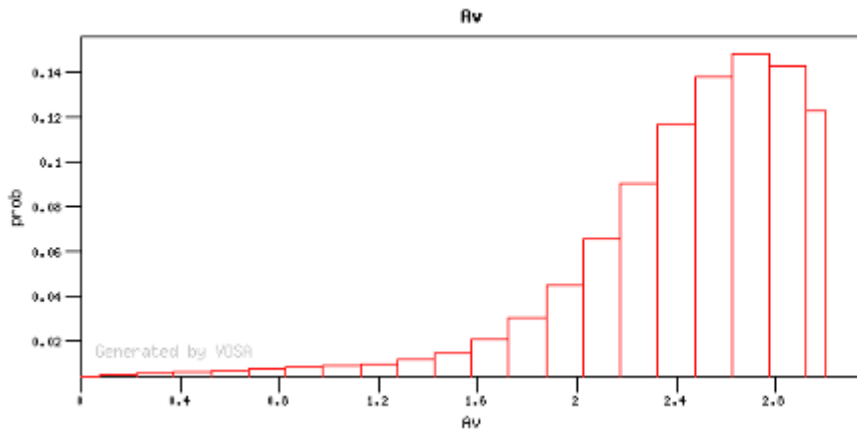
The role of extinction

III: A_v as a free parameter

HD302505 ----- A_v :0.0/3.0



A_v / T_{eff} degeneracy.





Reddening

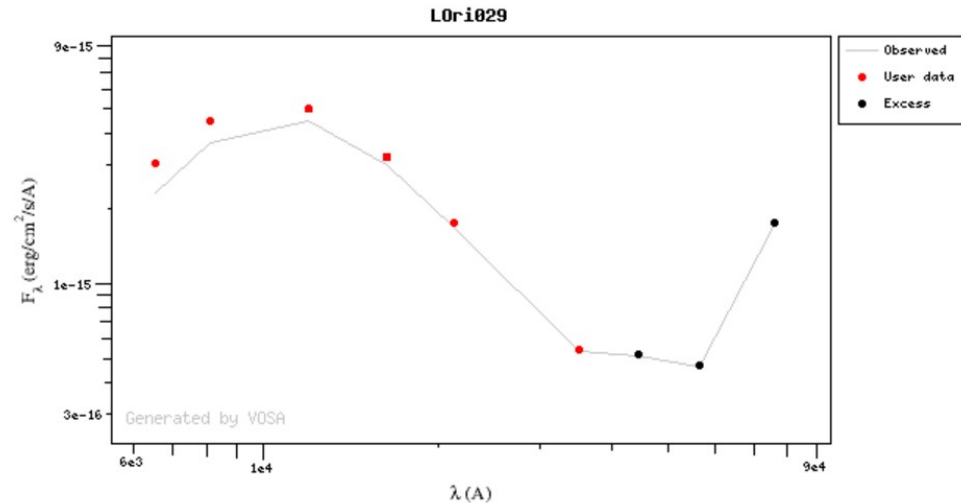


THE ASTRONOMICAL JOURNAL, 131:1574–1607, 2006 March
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SPITZER OBSERVATIONS OF IC 348: THE DISK POPULATION AT 2–3 MILLION YEARS

CHARLES J. LADA, AUGUST A. MUENCH, K. L. LUHMAN, LORI ALLEN, LEE HARTMANN,
TOM MEGEATH, PHILIP MYERS, AND GIOVANNI FAZIO

“we find that diskless stars (i.e., stellar photospheres) can be characterized by < 2.56 ”.

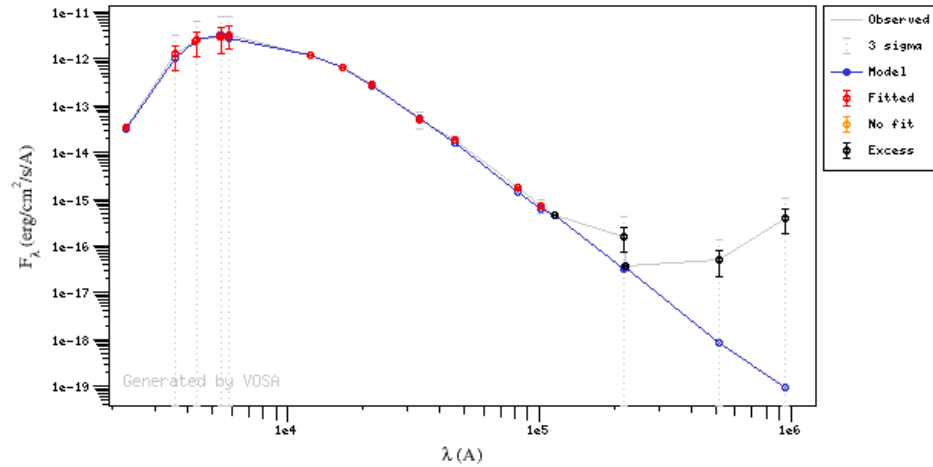
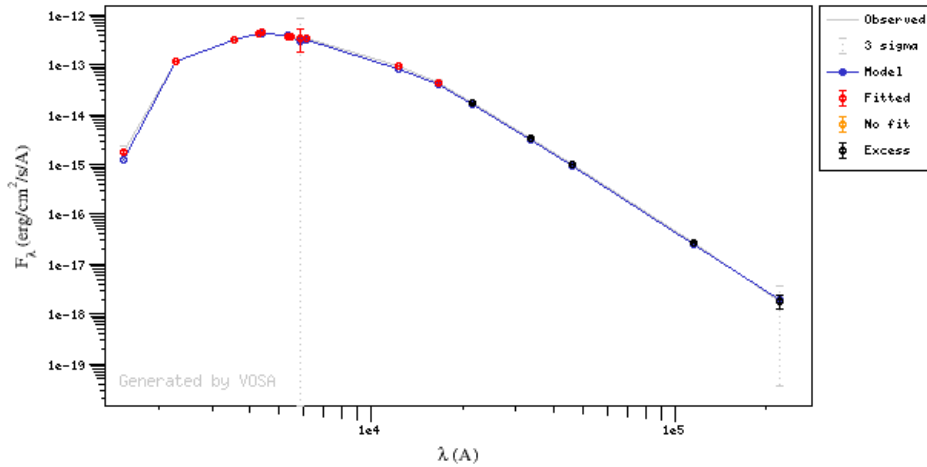
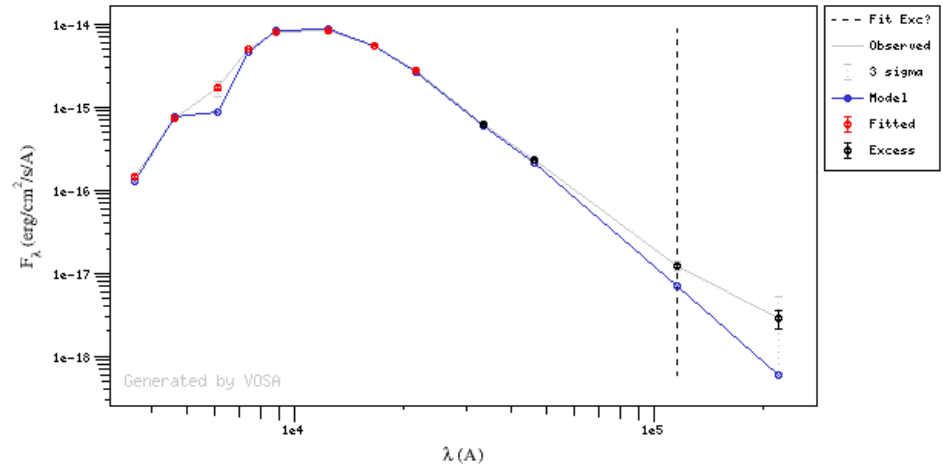




Reddening: Refinement

$$\frac{F_{obs} - F_{mod}}{\Delta F_{obs}} > 3$$

$$\frac{F_{obs} - F_{mod}}{F_{mod}} > 0.2$$





Reddening: Refinement

Files	Objects	Build SEDs	Analyse SEDs	HR Diag.	Results	Help
-------	---------	------------	--------------	----------	---------	------

Test: Stars and brown dwarfs (Change) File: jplus-patch2_phot2 (info) (Change)

Model Fit	Template fit	Model Bayes Analysis	Template Bayes Analysis	Binary fit
-----------	--------------	----------------------	-------------------------	------------

Model fit

Best fit results

Click in the object name to see the best fits for that object.

Showing objects 1 to 20. Use pagination options if you wish.

Find object: Show: objects per page

Go to page: <Prev Next>

Hide graphs Delete this Refine excess
Send table to SAMMP Hub

[Click here to configure what fields to show](#)

Object	RA	DEC	D (pc)	Model	A_v	T_{eff}	logg	Meta.	more	χ^2	M_d	F_{obs}/F_{tot}	L_{bol}/L_{sun}	$\Delta L_{bol}/L_{sun}$	N_{fit}/N_{tot}	Data VTables
obj1	117.590198605	41.5662259062	10	BT-Settl CIFIST	---	2900	5.5	0	---	1.521e+1	1.029e-21	0.49	1.311e-5	1.353e-6	8/13	Syn.Spec.
obj10	120.626683896	38.1414616059	10	BT-Settl CIFIST	---	3100	5.5	0	---	2.217e+1	2.498e-22	0.53	4.082e-6	6.100e-7	9/13	Syn.Spec.



Model fit: Include upper limits

Files	Objects	Build SEDs	Analyse SEDs	HR Diag.	Results	Help
Test: Stars and brown dwarfs (Change)			File: jplus-patch2_phot2 (info) (Change)			
Model Fit		Template fit	Model Bayes Analysis	Template Bayes Analysis		

Model fit

GRAMS (Grid of Red supergiant and Asymptotic giant Models) is a grid of radiative transfer (RT) models for dust shells around red supergiant (RSG) and asymptotic giant branch (AGB) stars. This is the model grid for Carbon-rich stars
Note that no IR excess is considered when fitting with these models.

GRAMS (Grid of Red supergiant and Asymptotic giant Models) is a grid of radiative transfer (RT) models for dust shells around red supergiant (RSG) and asymptotic giant branch (AGB) stars. This is the model grid for Oxygen-rich stars
Note that no IR excess is considered when fitting with these models.

TLUSTY OSTAR2002+BSTAR2006

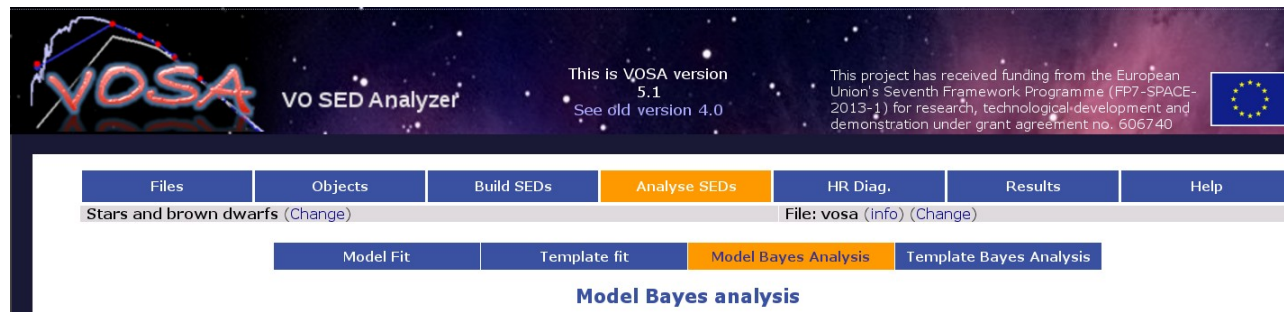
TLUSTY OSTAR2002+BSTAR2006 Grid, The merged files use the BSTAR2006 models for effective temperatures up to 30,000 K and the OSTAR2002 models for higher temperatures.

Options for this fit

- Include model spectrum in fit plots? (The fit process will be slower, because getting the spectra from the VO can take some time)
- Estimate fit parameter uncertainties using a statistical approach, performing a 100 iteration monte carlo simulation(The fit process will be slower)
- Use chi2 instead of the reduced chi2.
- Do not use upper limits in the fit.

$$Flx = 0$$

$$\Delta Flx = F_{uplim}$$



- Then we assign a relative probability for each model as:

$$W_i = \exp(-\chi_i^2/2)$$

- Using this, the probability corresponding to a given parameter value α_j is given by:

$$P(\alpha_j) = \sum_i W_i$$

where the sum is performed over all the models with that value for that parameter.

- We finally normalize these probabilities, for each parameter, dividing by the total probability (the sum of the probabilities obtained for each value).

$$P'(\alpha_j) = \frac{P(\alpha_j)}{\sum_i P(\alpha_i)}$$



VOSA VO SED Analyzer

This is VOSA version 5.1
See old version 4.0

This project has received funding from the European Union's Seventh Framework Programme (FP7-SPACE-2013-1) for research, technological development and demonstration under grant agreement no. 606740

Files | Objects | Build SEDs | **Analyse SEDs** | HR Diag. | Results | Help

Stars and brown dwarfs (Change) | File: vosa (info) (Change)

Model Fit | Template fit | **Model Bayes Analysis** | Template Bayes Analysis

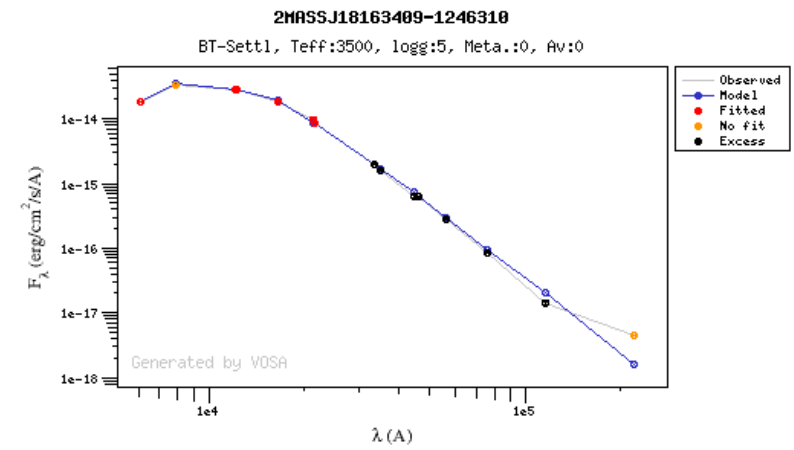
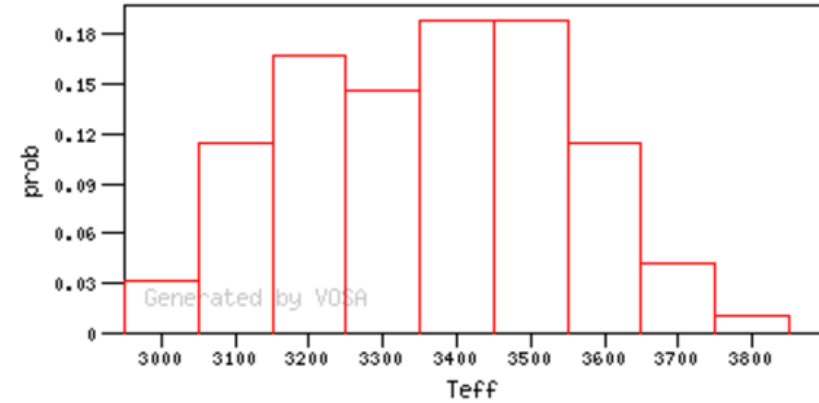
T_{eff}

Statistics

Average	3363.54
Std. Dev (σ)	185.313
Mode	3400/3500
Median	3322.22
Skewness	0.0140213
Kurtosis	2.18994
μ_2	34341
μ_3	89229.3
μ_4	2.58261e+9
Q1	3162.5
Q2	3322.22
Q3	3455.56
68%CL-Min	3108.5
68%CL--Max	3505.82
96%CL-Min	3000
96%CL-Max	3677
Norm_min	0.75
Norm_max	0.9

Value distribution

T_{eff}	ΔT_{eff}	min	max	prob
3000	50	2950	3050	0.03125
3100	50	3050	3150	0.114583
3200	50	3150	3250	0.166667
3300	50	3250	3350	0.145833
3400	50	3350	3450	0.1875
3500	50	3450	3550	0.1875
3600	50	3550	3650	0.114583
3700	50	3650	3750	0.0416667
3800	50	3750	3850	0.0104167





Specphot



Your collections Upload new collection Help

Collection: Spectrum:

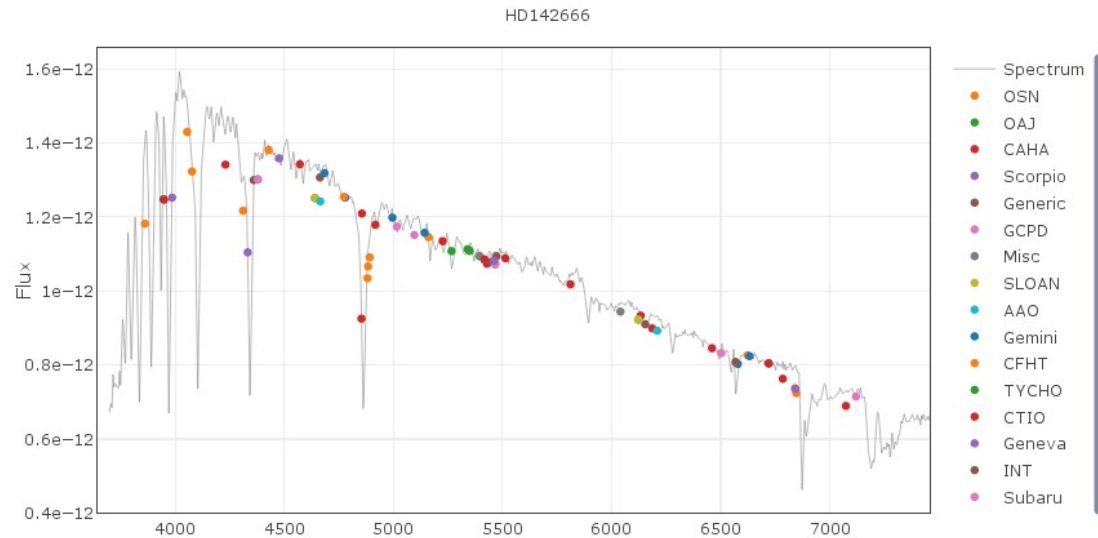
This is the photometry calculated for this spectrum.

If you want to recalculate it for this spectrum and these or different filters, just Recalculate it.

Otherwise, you can also download these data as an ASCII file, a VOTable file, or generate a VOSA file with these data. Photometry is rescaled so that:
 $\text{Flux}(\text{TYCHO}/\text{TYCHO.V}) = 0.000000000001113 \text{ erg/cm}^2/\text{s}/\text{\AA}$

[Send table to SAMP Hub](#)

Filter	λ	Flux
OSN/Comet50_CN	3861.09	1.181880e-12
OAJ/JPLUS.F0395_filter	3946.00	1.247897e-12
CAHA/ALHAMBRA.F396W	3948.62	1.246946e-12
Scorpio/Comet_CN_3980	3985.47	1.252321e-12
OSN/Comet50_C3_z1	4054.91	1.429949e-12
OSN/Comet50_C3_z2	4076.89	1.322959e-12
CAHA/ALHAMBRA.F427W	4230.27	1.341522e-12
OSN/Comet25_CO	4310.95	1.217003e-12
Scorpio/Comet_CO	4332.22	1.104631e-12
Generic/Bessell.B	4360.00	1.299717e-12
GCPD/JHKLMN.B	4378.12	1.301704e-12
Generic/Johnson.B	4378.12	1.301704e-12
OSN/Comet50_Cont4430	4428.59	1.380708e-12
Scorpio/Comet_Cont_4470	4476.24	1.358791e-12
CAHA/ALHAMBRA.F458W	4571.24	1.342527e-12
Misc/APASS.sdss_g	4640.42	1.251096e-12
SLOAN/SDSS.g	4640.42	1.251096e-12
Generic/Stromgren.b	4663.26	1.307066e-12
AAO/AAO_3990	4664.98	1.242170e-12





VOSA for galaxies

VOSA de galaxias

Dado que ha habido muchos interesados en un "VOSA para galaxias" pero que dicho tipo de herramientas tendría funcionalidades diferentes que para el caso de estrellas, os rogamos que rellenéis esta encuesta para poder definir y priorizar las funcionalidades de dicha herramienta. Te recordamos que, en primera instancia, VOSA trabaja con datos fotométricos para construir la SED (aunque internamente maneje espectros)

* Required

¿A qué distancia estarían las galaxias en las que estarías interesado? (a nivel de distancia) *

- Galaxia locales (el redshift no es relevante, y los ajustes se realizarían sobre todo el sistema)
- Galaxia locales (el redshift no es relevante, pero los efectos de apertura pueden ser importantes ya que se aplicaría sobre partes de la galaxia, e.j. fotometría de apertura, porciones de imágenes etc..)
- Galaxias lejanas (el redshift SI es relevante pero las observaciones cubren todo el objeto)
- Los tres casos

¿Que clase de galaxias? *

- Galaxias con líneas de emisión (con una contribución nebulosa que hay que considerar, como AGNs, starburst etc)
- Galaxias normales (sin contribución nebulosa; solo componente estelar)